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The development of calling during college: a 3-year investigation

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Topics

- What is a calling?
- The dynamics of calling
 - Trajectories of change
 - Longitudinal predictors
- Conclusions



What is a calling?

A deeply fulfilling work that an individual believes makes the world a better place

(Wrzesniewski et al., 1997)

A calling is a *transcendent summons*, experienced as originating beyond the self, to approach a particular life role in a manner oriented toward demonstrating or deriving a *sense of purpose or meaningfulness*, and that holds *other-oriented values and goals* as primary sources of motivation"

(Dik & Duffy, 2009)

A consuming, *meaningful passion* people experience toward a domain (Dobrow et al. 2013)



An integrated definition

Calling is a multi-dimensional construct that describes spiritual, motivational, affective and identity-related facets of the relationship between individuals and a specific domain in life or work.

(Dalla Rosa, Galliani & Vianello, 2017)

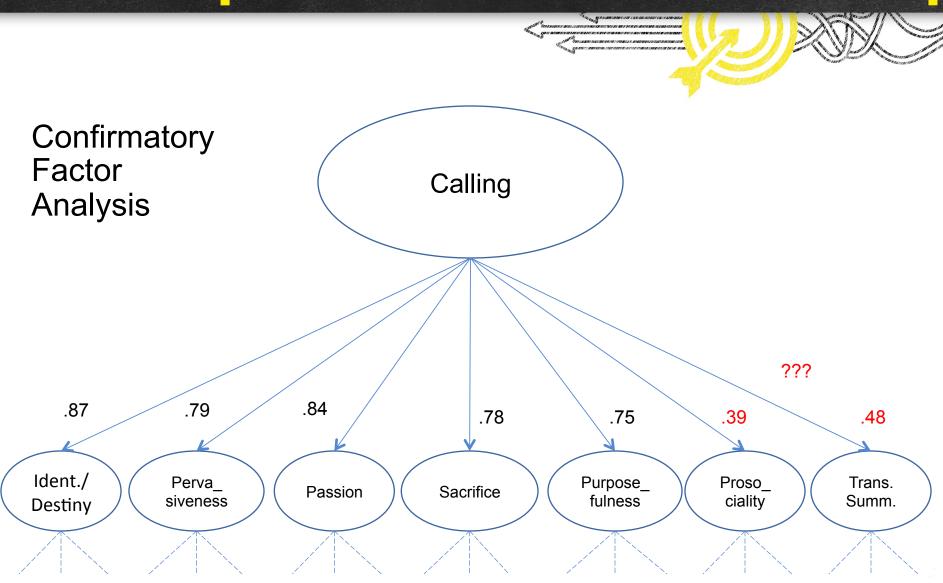
So... what are these facets?





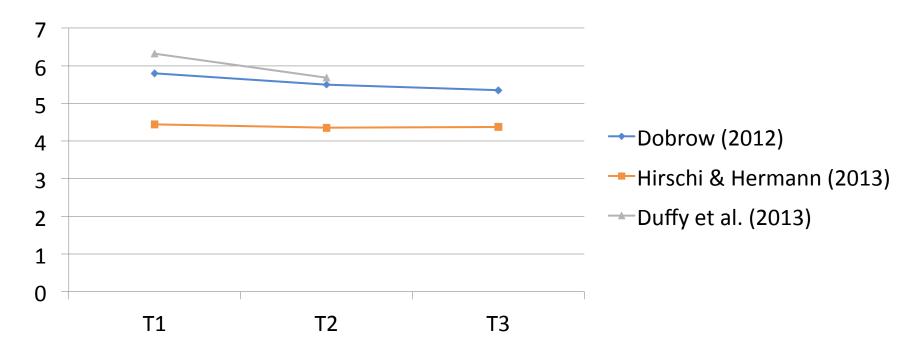
Dimensions of calling

- Identification with the calling domain (I am what I do)
- Pervasiveness of thoughts regarding the calling domain (Always in my mind)
- Passion (I love it!)
- Sacrifice (I would sacrifice everything to be a...)
- Transcendent Summons (Originates from something beyond or stronger than me)
- Purposefulness (It makes me feel I have a meaning)
- Prosociality (It makes the world a better place)
- Destiny (It will always be part of my life)





The development of calling: the literature



"within individuals, calling is variable, such that people's calling can increase, decrease, or even stay the same" (Dobrow, p. 443).





So, where are we at?

- One study suggests no change
- Two studies suggest calling slightly decrease through time
- All studies have small and very specific samples (e.g. music and medical school)
- No study informs on the shape of the trajectories of change
- No study informs on the inter-individual variability of these trajectories





Research design and participants

- Three waves of data collection (2014, 2015, 2016).
- N_{2014} = 5837; N_{2015} = 1700 N_{2016} = 881
- Participants from 4 universities (Padua, Florence, Siena and Napoli)
- 24 different domains ranging from Agricultural Science to Statistics
- 2/3 are females, mean age at T1=23.37 (SD=4.82)





Measures

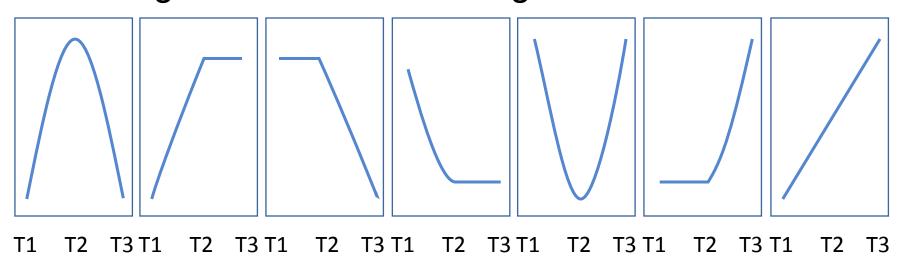
- Calling (7 dimensions).
- Engaged Learning (Schreiner & Louis, 2006).
 - Active participation (ad es. "Se non capisco qualcosa a lezione chiedo chiarimenti")
 - Focused Attention (ad es. "Spesso vago con la mente durante le lezioni").
 - Meaningful processing (ad es. "Di solito riesco a trovare il modo di applicare quello che imparo a lezione ad altri ambiti della mia vita"; "Sento che quello che imparo nei corsi mi è utile come persona")
- Clarity of professional identity (ad es. "Ho un'idea ben precisa di dove voglio arrivare", "Il mio futuro lavorativo mi è chiaro").





Results

Seven developmental trajectories are recurrent among dimensions of calling:



None of them include stability for more than 2 years

Time

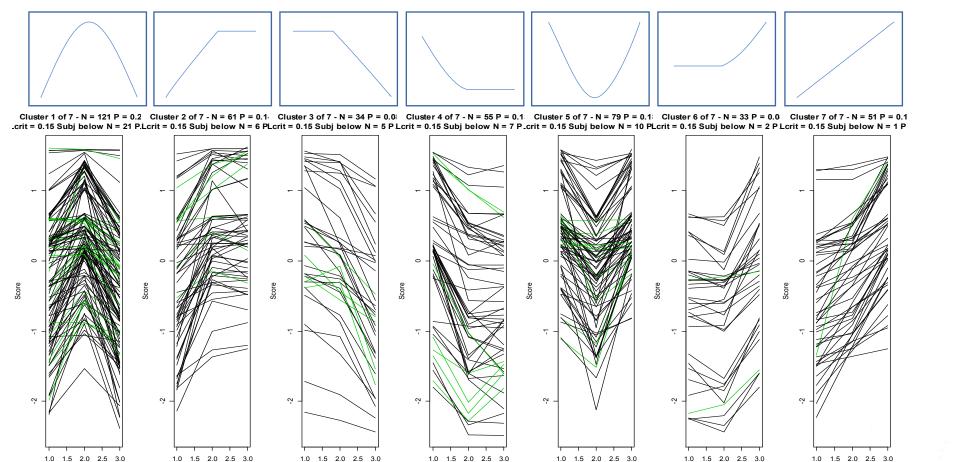
Time

Pervasiveness



Time

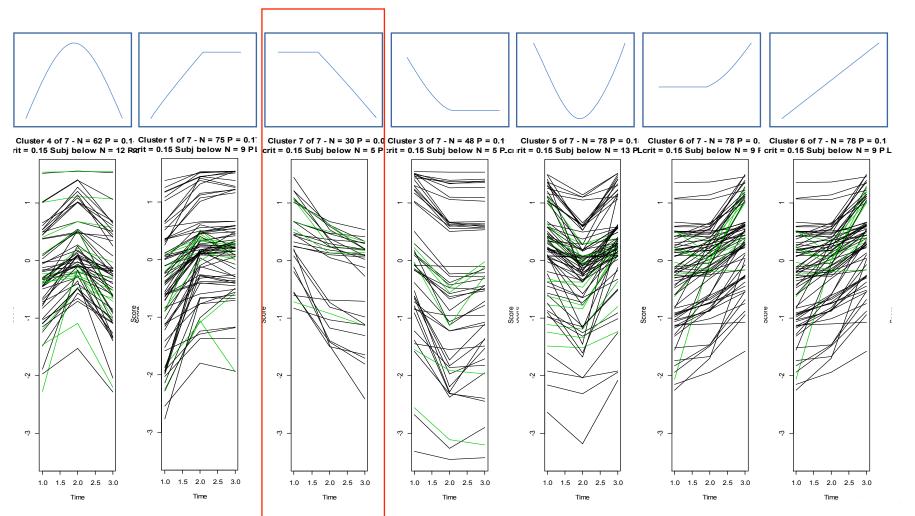
Time



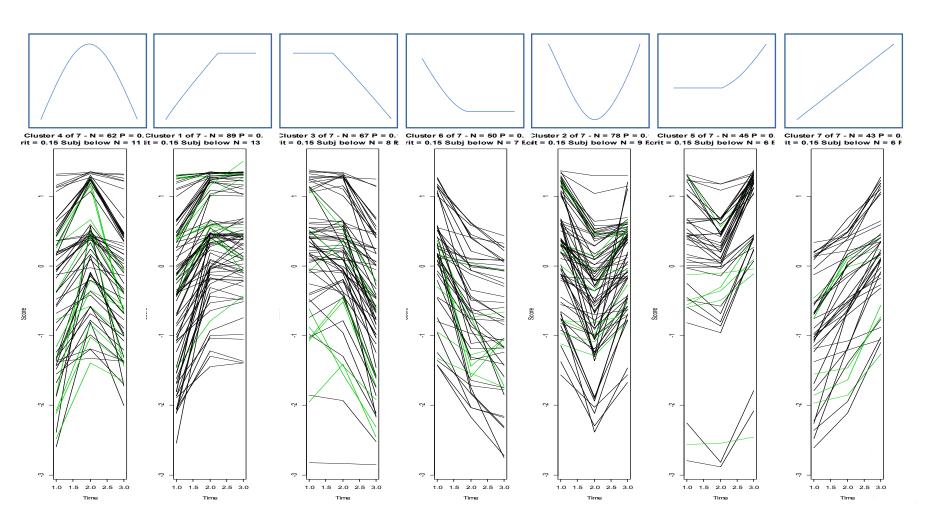
Time

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Passion

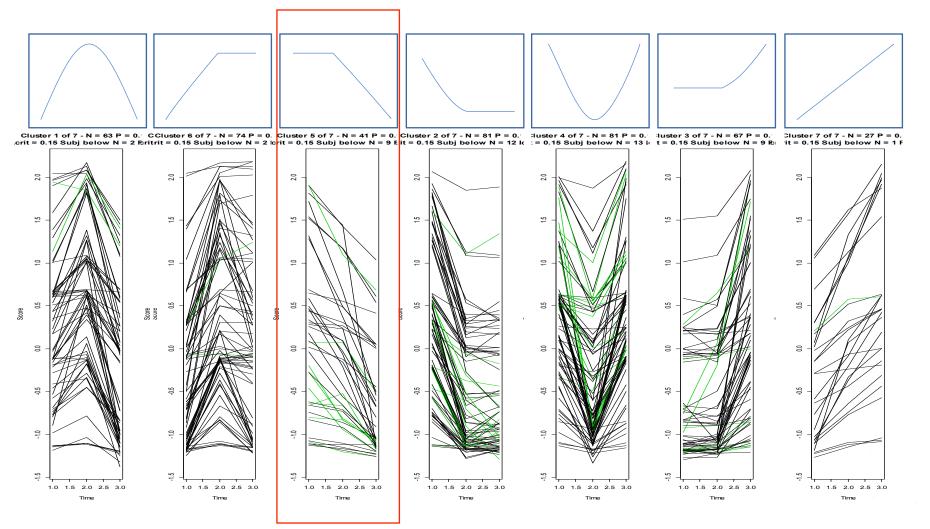


Sacrifice



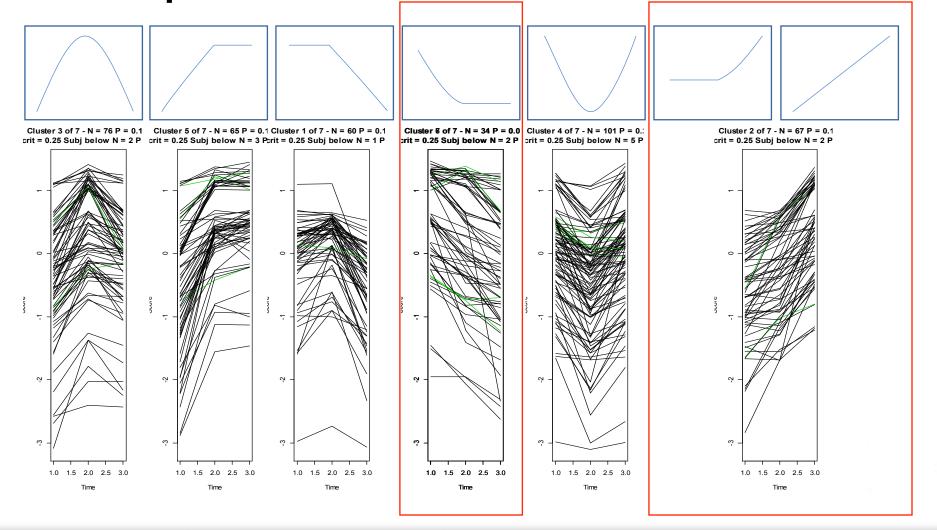
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Transcendence



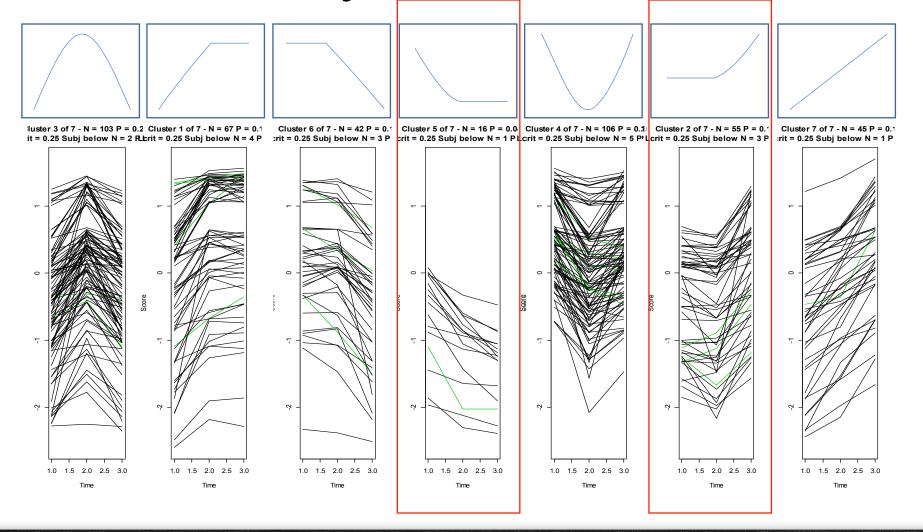
Purposefulness





Prosociality





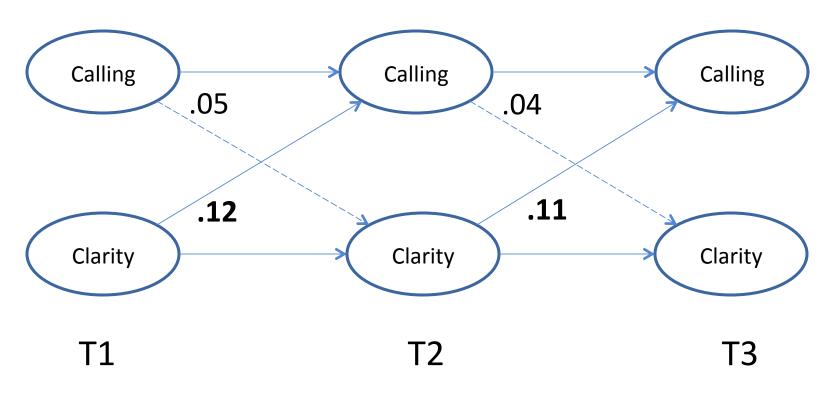


Why does calling change?

- Longitudinal predictors of calling:
 - Clarity of professional identity
 - Engaged Learning



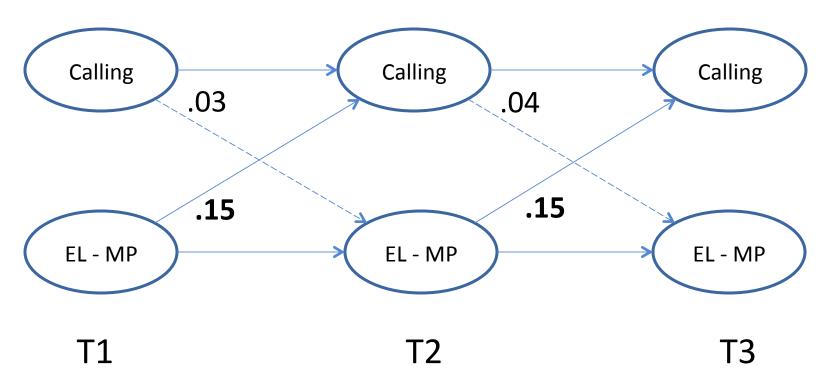
Clarity of professional identity predicts calling (not viceversa)



 $\chi^{2}_{(363)}$ =938.44, p<.001; CFI=.92; RMSEA=.06; SRMR=.10



Engaged Learning – Meaningful Processing predicts calling (not viceversa)



 $\chi^{2}_{(467)}$ =944.75, p<.001; CFI=.93; RMSEA=.05; SRMR=.075

Conclusions



- Calling is far from being a stable construct.
- The more students have a clear idea of their future and the more they engage in learning activities, the more they develop a calling.
 - Meaningful processing is the most important predictor among Engaged Learning dimensions: it refers to how much students transfer learning to their life and feel that they learn useful things.
- Practical implications:
 - We can help students develop a calling fostering their meaningful processing of learning, and helping them clarify their career goals.
- Future research:
 - More time points
 - Predictors of change and trajectories